public meeting on April 24th, in he again dwell upon the statements

which he claims prove that the small urns firm of Von Loewe were implicated in frauds upon the Government. Despite a semi-official denial, the Klein

Journal reasserts that owing to the influ-ence of 1r. Von Schelling, Prussian Min-ister of Justice, no Jews have been ap-pointed judges in Berlin of Brandenburg

cools which are entirely in Polish dis-cis. This is the Emperor's return for support given in the Reichstag to Army bill by the Polish members.

any if it is absolutely certain that be district in which it is proposed to ad them will be damaged. To this end

pecial inquiries have been made and the sults reported to the Emperor. Six hundred picked men and two officers,

SILVER BEFUSED AT 70.

Secretary Carlisle Approves the Course

Adopted by Mr. Preston.

WASHINGTON, D. C., July 22.—Secre-fary Carlisle, after an Interview with Acting Mint Director Presson this morn-ing, authorized the United Press to state

day at 72 to 73 cents per ounce and was

is about 1,800,000 ounces, besides "local" purchases which may bring

Secretary Herbert at Boston.

BOSTON, MASS., July 22.—The United tates steamship Dolphin, with Secretary 7 the Navy Herbert on leard, arrived

uniform, and the marines were drawn up n line to receive him. At noon the Sec-etary, ascompanied by Licutenant fluckingham, in command of the Dol-bin, drove to Boston, and called upon

Securing the Condemned Indians. M'ALISTER, 1. T., July 22.—The nine condemned Indians who were to have

been shot July 7th and were respited to August 4th were removed from the Gaines county jail yesterday to Red Oak, in Sugar Loaf county. They are now con-fined in a private house there under a

strong guard. A large number of Indians have been in town for a number of days, all members of the Jackson faction, and are believed to be in war council planning the rescue of the condemned men.

British Ship Weeked.

LONDON, July 22.—The British ship Bowdin, Captain Low, which sailed from San Francisco March 22d for Queenstown, was wrecked on April 27th on Ono Island,

one of the Friendly group. No lives were lost. The ship is a total loss. The Bow-din was one of four vessels that started on March 22d to race from San Francisco to Queenstown. The race was won by the

British bark Pinmore, which arrived at Queenstown on Monday last.

Wanted to Lynch Three Murderers.

DAYTON, O., July 22.-A crowd of five

ing to raid the fail for the purpose of lynching Billis, Retsback and Kennet, the

The Victoria Court-Martial.

VALETA, MALTA, July 22.—The court nartial inquiring into the loss of the bat

THE PRENCH FORCES AT KHONG S CAPTURE TRREE MORE FORTS

Only One More Fort Now Left to the Slamese_Three Hundred Natives Killed. Slam Makes Her Reply to France.

PARIS, July 22 - Adispatch to the Temps

apinin Villers, command-Dochun, thus confining the et Douzom. The last named bough protected by three outrocted fortifications, on the following day with-· French, who now occupy

ignately mays that the Six

interests in Slam's in-

reach travelers. The normous piece of Siar ted will separate Siar by to remain passive in case das in her endeavors to exact d pound of fieth. by in oriental affairs yester-

Lancastire, has written in Nineteenth Century as e Englishmen if they cann

ace be allowed to play her game ed, he predicts the trade will anently expected. answer to France's untimatum

o, as revealed by the answer succeed exhaustively in the ommons on Monday. Severa

contained become necessary look, the French Rear Ad-na will be able to command boats Pluvier and Inconand the cruiser Forfait.

eason of Time Refused of the Brince Vadhan, the dister to France, to-day had with M. Develle, the For-r, and asked that an extenr, med asked that an exten-be granted to Siam in which rmal reply to the demands are in the French ultimatum, informed Prince Vadhana for the purpose of replying satum was the utmost limit would concete. A reply on the time specified, and not accede to the demands. of accede to the demands

July 22-The British Gov-Informed the Government at no definite pronouncement sected from Great Britain in the territorial demands made Ambassador to France, and M. the French Foreign Minister, is

A BIG BATTLE IN SIAM. papers here on the Franco-Siamese dispute are only noteworthy for their declarations of friendly neutrality toward

Germany apparently is only interested to the extent of protecting her own pro-perty and her subjects in Siam. The North German Gazette In a lengthy arti-cle yesterday emphasizes this phase of the matter. It disavows Germany's interest in preventing France's colonial adven-tures. The Foreign Office officials state that England has not sought Germany's co-operation in Siam. Germany would side with neither party, not being interested

INSURGENTS VICTORIOUS.

A Battle at Jaguarao Results in the Over throw of the Government Troops, LONDON, July 22.-- A dispatch from

Rio Grance Do Sul, via Montevideo, "An Important battle with the insurgents at Jaguarao has resulted in the

complete overthrow of the Government "The commanding general of the troops, Scares, was killed."

NEW ENGLAND COTTON TRADE.

It is Not Likely That a General Shutting Down of the Mills Will Occur.

FALL RIVER, MASS., July 22.-The

situation in the cotton trade in this city is indicated pretty clearly by the talk resulting from to-day's statement of the condition of the cloth market. The contracts extend to March of next year, but most of the mills have few or no contracts that will amount to anything as a factor in determining the future action of manufacturers. Eight corporations have contracted ahead into September for about half of their production. These mills are in an excellent financial condition, as, Indeed are all the Fail River mills, as compared with any previous years in their history. They will continue to run until their contracts have expired. There are some factors at work at the present time which will induce business men and others to think seriously of shutting down at the present time. For some time print works in various parts of the country have been shutting down. The curtailment that will result from this cause between June and September will cause between June and September will be between 70,000 and 80,000 pleces, or nearly four weeks' production in the Fall River mills. The causes to which manufacturers attribute the present dull trade is the financial situation. Money is not very tight with them, but it is tight with their customers and the customers of the converters to whom they sell. The New Bedford mills are in a much werse condition than are the mills in this city, but still the local mills are in this city, but still the local mills are not free from the strain.

Secretary Howard, of the Spinners'

Union, and Secretary Whitehead, of the Weavers' Union, are both in favor of

lmity of feeling among manufacturers

when nearly 20,000 pieces of goods are sold in a week, and when only 236,000 pieces of goods are in sight.

of the prospect mutilated or aten from the france are not miles wide and by tribes which by tribes which and the france are not miles with and are supposed to have the worst end of things anyway. A shut the france are working under a fifty-eight miles with a fifty-eight miles which are supposed to have the worst end of things anyway. A shut

ANOTHER NEGRO LYNCHED. The Brute Who Assaulted Two White

Girls Meets the Usual Fate.

MEMPHIS, July 22-Lee Walter, the negro assailant of the two white girls, the Misses McCadden, near Memphis, and a negro woman, was brought from New Albany, Miss., to Memphis this morning by Sheriff McLondon, He has made a full confession of both crimes. Judge Scrums ordered the sheriff to keep the negro in jail, and informed him that he must protect him from a mob. The negro has been in jail twice before for imilar arimes.

A crowd of negroes visited the fall here

to-day and identified Walker as the ears old, near Raleigh, a small village en miles from this city, on Saturday lie is also the man that stabbed Henry The mob is making an attack on the

12 15 A. M.-The mob has just broke down the jail door and took the negre

by a rope from a telegraph pole on Front

The Proposed Silver Meeting.

The Proposed Silver Meeting.

NEW YORK, July 22.—A meeting of the advocates of bimetallism has been called for Tuenday evening at the Fifth-Avenue Hotel, in this city, for the purpose of appointing delogates to the convention to be held in Chicago on August 1st. J. B. Colgate, of J. B. Colgate & Co., and W. P. St. John, of the Tradesmen's National Bank, who both took an active part in the chamber of commerce discussion, are expected to make addiscussion, are expected to make addresses, which will represent the attitude of the Eastern silver men. It is understood that the meeting will favor the repeal of the Sherman law, with some changes as to the manner of coin ing silver, so that the subsidiary coin will take the place of the one and two-dollar bills now in circulation, and make its larger use a national necessity.

William A. Maury Resigns.

WASHINGTON, D. C., July 22.—The resignation of Hon. William A. Maury, Assistant Attorney General, has been tendered to Attorney General Olney. Mr. Maury has been in the service of the Department of Justice for over eleven behavior of the Court of the United in the Supreme Court of the United States, In the same length of time. road land grant cases, in which he repmuch prominence before the bar of the

Two Persons Killed in an Explosion.

NEW YORK, July 22.-While contractors were blasting rock this afternoon a the corner of One-hundred-and-twenty cond street and Fourth avenue, an explosion sent a huge mass of rock, weigh ing about two tons, crashing through the sidewalk of 61 cast One-hundred-and-twenty-second street, killing Mrs. Posey and her five-year-old daughter and injuring five other persons. At the time of the explosion Mrs. Posey was sitting at the window with her child. The rock struck her and drove her through the partition into the apartments of Mrs. Barnes, opposite, where the rock pinned BERLIN, July 22.-The comments in the her to the floor,

THE BILL WILL PASS THE HOUSE AND BE DEFEATED BY THE LORDS.

The Grand Old Man Withstanding the Strain Better Than His Younger Collearnes Admiral Tryon's Mistake.

LONDON, July 22.-In Ministerial circles it is said that the Home Rule bill will go to the House of Lords in the fourth week of August, and that it will be disposed of in time to render possible the adjournment about the middle of September. This calculation is based on the assumption that the Government will not spare the closure, will end the second reading on August 16th or 17th, and compress into two or three sittings the debate on the third reading. The Radicals and younger Liberals are opposed to an autumn session, and are seeking to persuade the ministers to prorogue Parliament until December.

It is now evident that the Government intends to hold an autumn session.

that when the ministers realize how the Obstructionists will protract the discussion of the estimates they will either postpone the prorogation or cut the holi-

The Unionists are very reticent just now as to their plan to drive the Gov-ernment by obstruction to a premature dissolution. Although they refuse to talk, however, they are as pugnaciou

RS CVCL. as ever.

They are arranging for pairs during the period between now and August 8th.

After the latter date they will begin tak-Irg vacations in batches of sisty, son Bowles, the champion Tory me has increased the list of his motio assist him in this plan of obstructic Mr. Bowles' most enthusiastic supports Robert Hanbury, Conservative for Pres-ton, is trying his best at present to equal his friend's record in giving notices of

When the Home Rule bill shall have passed the third reading Mr. Baifour an Mr. Goschen will probably leave town for a rest, leaving Sir John Gors cial secretary of the treasury a last Salisbury administration, to lead the obstructive campaign against the est mates. Mr. Balfour has been great

At the advice of his friends, however

House of Loris to realled the member that a full attendance must be had latto discussed daily until midnight for on week. The Lords are expected to repet the bill by a vote of about ten to one The minority will rember hardly more derry will move the rejection of the bill. In Defense of Admiral Tryon.

The English press is revolling in a desultery discussion of the Victoria court-

In ordinary trials the fear of punish ment for contempt of court in discussing cases under judicial advisement keeps the fore the leading writers are sighing over the folly of Admiral Tryon and the mis akes which they attribute to his subor

dinates.

Admiral Hornby has varied this sort of

be accused. I believe there was room to avoid collision if the signal and general instructions had been obeyed. There ap-

graph of his letter:
"If, as admiral, I had had the mister-time to make such a mistake, I am con-fident that with hardly an exception each captain would have kept clear of the flagship, although several captains, with good Commander Tryon at their head would have shaved the flagship in orde-to take a rise out of their chief. Why this was not done on the present occa

"Admiral Tryon's great object was that the whole fleet should move in any directhe whole fleet should move in any direc-tion as fast as the flagship. There was no difficulty in this when the officers acted in the spirit of comradeship and decision. The diameter might have been avoided if the officers of the fleet had thown more confidence and decision. Offi-cers are expected to have their own opin-ious and to act upon them in emergen-cies. It looks to an old Mediterranean cruiser as if two things were wanting. cruiser as if two things were wanting:
"First, quick appreciation of facts; seend, celerity of individual movement,"

mour, are watched with unusual interest by the public, and the tax-payers are growling on account of the numerous accidents that have already occurred. In five days there have been fourteen damage has been done. On Wednesday Admiral Seymour purposely holsted the signal given by Admiral Tryon for the fatal evolution off Tripoli. Not a ship obeyed it. Each signalled back that the order was not understood. Thereupon the first signal was countermanded, and the signal to turn outward, instead of inward, as did the columns off Tripoli,

BERLIN'S DEAD SEASON.

Calm After the Army Bill Storm-A Brief Respite, However.

BERLIN, July 22. The Emperor's departure on a yachting cruise, during which he will visit several points in Sweden, and the adjournment of the Reichstag marked the beginning of the dead season in Berlin, which is in great con-trast to the lively period caused by the Army bill. The respite, however, will be brief, since the Government will soon be busy considering the Army bill budget. The first phase in the financial quesresignation several days ago of Freiherr von Maltzahn, secretary of the Imperial Treasury. His withdrawal from office is ascribed to his disapproval of the Gov-ernment's action in abandoning the proposal to levy taxes on beer and spirits. real motive was the fact that he felt that he did not possess the power or that he did not possess the power or authority to solve the financial problem, with which he was brought in contact. Journed until Monday.

The conservatives themselves did not place sufficient confidence in his ability. If Dr. Miquel, the present Prussian Minleter of Finance, should become the Reichsfinanz minister, Freiherr von Maltzahn, holding the position of Secretary of the Imperial Treasury, would have been a mere tool in the hands of the former, Hence pride was a further reason for Freiherr von Maltzahn's resignation. It is generally stated that Von Kaltenborn-Stachau, Prussian Minister of War, will also resign. His silence during the debates on the Army bill was often strongly commented upon. Though he is NATIONAL BANKS FAIL.

ALREADY LONG LIST.

Of the Two Hundred National Banks Failing This Year Five of Them Were Government Depositories.

the debates on the Army bill was often strongly commented upon. Though he is an able general, as a parliamentarian he is far inferior to his predecessors, General Du Vernans and Von Schellendorf. His glaring antagonism to his Bavarian colleague, General Von Saffeling, in the recent fodder debate in the Reichstag, was most unfortunate. He said, among other things, that he saw no reason for suspending the army manocuvies because of the scarcity of fodder. His speech was received with disapproval by General Von Saffeling, who, upon its conclusion, declared that the 1st of January nearly two hundred national banks have closed their doors, against less than fifty during the same period last year. Of the failures this year five have been United States depositories, as follows: The First National Bank of Little Rock, Ark.; the Gate City National Bank, of Atlanta, Ga.; the People's National Bank, of Denver, Col.; the German National Bank, of Denver; the who, upon its conclusion, declared that Bavaria had already ordered that no ma-nocuvres be held in the districts where Kentucky National, of Louisville, Ky.

distress was prevalent. This statement was loudly applauded. The Emperor was chagrined that Eavaria should thus have The Government, however, will not lose anything by these fallures, as each bank discomfited Prussia, and made remarks that were repeated to the Prussian War that is a Government depository has to deposit United States bonds to the amount of Government money it is allowed to carry. These bonds, in case of the failure of the bank, are sold for the account of the Government, and as United States bonds are at a premium in the financial market there is never any difficulty in ive Ultramentade, will retire from the Reichstag, owing to dissension in his sarty. He took no part in the discussion

f the Army bill.

A prosecution has been instituted gainst Rector Ahlwardt, the notorious ew-builting member of the Reichstag, for sulting Dr. Miquel in a speech delivered This afternoon Comptroller Eckels or-

Also National Banks of Tennessee, Texas

Government. The loans and discounts outstanding amounted to \$1,719,966, and the surplus was \$108,509.

It is thought that the bank will be It has been carrying an immense amount of paper, which, although gilt edge, could not be realized on. The bank is the Government depository, and in the state-ment of the bank, published July 19th, the Government's deposits are placed at \$191,731. Deposits of the United States disbursing officers, \$135,358. According to the statement, the amount of cash on hand July 19th was a little over \$85,000, individual deposits subject to check of \$311,635, and the loans and discounts were

the fall of 1800, by having very heav deposits from the country banks, whice were checked so rapidly as to threaten a suspension of the bank. It has never overed from that trouble, and its fail

No other banks are hurt.

transfers on this account was the immediate cause of the suspension to-day. During the past three years its surplus has been changed off from \$300,000 to transfers on this account was the immediate by Acting Director Presson in purchasing silver, as a that the same ciley will govern the purchases in the mandiate future. This statement will be a rest runiors that Secretary Cartale would on his return reverse the ciley of the Treasury in purchasing silver. Mr. Presson was intrusted by Secretary Cartale would be purchasing silver. Mr. Presson was intrusted by Secretary Cartale would be entirely reorganized. In his absence by Acting invector Presching processory of the past three years its surplus processory of the past three years its surplus has been changed off from \$500,000 to have been changed off from \$500,000 to have the purchases in the mandalizer of the past three years its surplus has been changed off from \$500,000 to have the purchases in the has been changed off from \$500,000 to have the purchases in the has been changed off from \$500,000 to \$500,000. The officers and directors do \$100,000 to \$500,000 to \$500,000. The officers and directors do \$100,000 to \$500,000 to \$500,000 to \$500,000 to \$500,000 to \$500,000 to \$500,000. The officers and directors do \$100,000 to \$500,000 to \$500,000. The officers and directors do \$100,000 to \$500,000 to \$500,000. The officers and directors do \$100,000 to \$500,000 to

cretary Carlisie, he refused to purchase 000 of silver at 70 cents, the London ce being about 60 1-2 cents per ounce. h the holder refused to accept. This sing he offered, he stated, 100,000 es at 70 cents-1.1-2 cents below the tendered-but Mr. Preston informed e offerer that he purchases silver only silver days-Mondays, Wednesdays and

The State National Bank, of this city. closed its doors this morning. The bank has long been known to be the weakest in the city. Yesterday, when \$20,000 in in the city. Yesterday, when \$20,000 in deposits were withdrawn, it was more than it could stand. A meeting of the directors was held last night. An offer of \$10,000 to pay depositors should a run occur to-day was made by other banks. The offer was not accepted, however. When it opened for business this morning a run was precipitated, which only lasted to the park closed its.

a rew minutes, as the bank closed its doors for liquidation.

A notice on the door says it will pay depositors dollar for dollar. The stock-holders will also receive \$5 cents on the

appointed E. B. Shattuck, of Pueblo, re-ceiver of the Pueblo City Railway Company and the International Trust Com-pany. The liabilities of the company are

out, except ten cents, before the doors were closed. The failure is due to the inability to realize on securities. rectors state that depositors will be paid

MILWAUKEE, WIS., July 22.—The MILWAUKEE, MIS, July 22—The Southside Savings Bank did not open its doors this morning.
TOPTEA, KAN., July 22.—The First National Bank of Anthony closed its doors yesterday. Assets, \$154,000; liabili-

the attachment law. The bank is per-tectly solvent, and not one depositor will

of by C. M. Sawyer, on the order of the Comptroller of the Currency. No statement is made.

Run on a Homestead Bank.

HOMESTEAD, PA., July 22.—A run of considerable proportions was made on the

Cimes.

SEFERAL OTHERS ADDED TO THE

WASHINGTON, D. C., July 22.-Since

This latter, which closed its doors to-day, had, by the last report received here, \$350,000 of United States funds.

dered bank examiners to take charge of the failed banks as follows: Escott, at Louisville, Ky.; Plumber, at Knoxville, Tenn.; Sawyer, at Russell, Kan.; Stone, at Vernon, Tex., and Lynch,

KENTUCKY NATIONAL FAILS.

and Wisconsin Forced to the Wall. 1000. Mr. Depauw is a son of the late Dr. Depauw, who was at the time of his death and Wisconsin Forced to the Wall.

LOUTSVILLE, KY., July 22—The Kentucky National Bank, of this city, closed its doors this morning. The capital stock is \$1,000,000, paid up. This bank is also a the wealthiest man in this part of the country. C. W. Depauw is a millionaire, is \$1,000,000, paid up. This bank is also a Government depository, and its last state-ment show d \$190,000 to the credit of the and has assets really in excess of liabili-ties. The amount involved is nearly \$1,000,000. LIMA, O., July 22.—The recent fallure of the Cilizens' Bank of Ada for a large

pected to show a large deficit, balances with the surplus of 1,10,000 marks.

Rosenblatt's cotton mills at Lodg, Poland, have been destroyed by fire, entailing a loss of 500,000 rubles.

No other banks are hurt.

The Kentucky National Bank was a
United States depository, and has Government deposits amounting to about
\$200,000, and its inability to make prompt

Louisville, and its vicinity, and they are all solvent, and most of them in very good condition. Future trouble is not expected, unless the small depositors, expected, unless the small depositors, mainly Germans, become frightened over mainly Germans, become frightened over Surday and start runs on the banks having large numbers of small depositors. KNOXVII.I.E. TENN., July 22.—The State National Bank closed this morning after opening four minutes. A notice was posted on the door saying. "This bank has closed for liquidation. Depositors will be

some "local" purchases which may bring the total up to 2,000,000 ounces. It is not expected that the total of 4,500,000 ounces of silver will be purchased this month, but this does not worry Treasury officials, as Secretary Carlisle holds with Mr. Preston that the law does not require the Treasury to purchase that amount in case it is not offered within the market

was feared that the closing of the State National would cause a panic in Knoxville financial circles, which have heretofore been considered very strong. A slight run was only made on the City National Bank, which is just opposite he street, but depositors were paid in

the street, but depositors were paid in full. The scare was soon over. There is no more unensiness felt here.

LAMPASAS, TEX., J. 12.—The private banking house of J. & L. W. Galbraith failed to open its doors yesterday, having made an assignment to J. I. Campbell. Liabilities, \$60,000; assets, \$120,000. run on the First National Bank was started, but it was fortunately in posi-tion to withstand all demands. The depositors in the Galbraiths' bank will be

paid in full.

DENVER, COL., July 22.—On petition of the General Electric Company, Judge Hallett, in the United States Court to-day pany. The dathlifes of the company are placed at \$10,000. VERNON, TEX., July 22.—The State National Bank of Vernon closed its doors yesterday. Every cent of money was paid

MILWAUKEE, WIS., July 22.- The Milwankee National Bank closed its doors

ties, \$50,000.

MEMPHIS, TENN., July 22.—The Citizens' Bank, of Jellico, Tenn., the only banking institution in that place, failed to open for business yesterday.

GREELEY, COL., July 22.—The Union Bank made an assignment yesterday. It is thought the step was voluntarily taken

to avoid a contingency that might arise should some creditor take advantage of

murderers of Charles Duerr. A company of militia guarded the jail, and a force of police at midnight were ordered to the jail as reinforcements, although all fear of lynching is now passed. The crowd lacked determined leaders. lose a dollar.
RUSSELLI, KAN., July 22.—The First
National Bank, of this place, closed
this afternoon, and was taken possession
of by C. M. Sawyer, on the order of
the Comptroller of the Currency. No

First National Bank of Homestead to-day. A rumor gained currency yesterday that the bank would close. This aroused the Hungarians employed at the Carnegie Steel Works and other depositors who lacked confidence and a rush was made MR. CLEVELAND'S PLANS ALLEGED AUTHENTIC ANNOUNCE-MENT OF HIS IMMEDIATE POLICY lacked confidence and a rush was made upon the bank. Anticipating the demand, the bank prepared to pay all claims, and remained open for this purpose until a late hour to-night. The business men of the town made large deposits, instead of withdrawing their money, having implicit confidence in the bank. About \$100,000 in cash was paid out to-day. Additional funds to the amount of \$58,000 were received by the bank this avantue while

received by the bank this evening, while the business men added large amounts to maintain confidence. It is claimed

No Run on the German-American.

ing it were due to the failure of another south-side bank.

Another Iron Works Suspends.

machinery is being dismantied by order of the directors. By the existing state of affairs 30 men are thrown out of employment, without any hope of relief. The liabilities are estimated at \$25,000;

Fallure of Rail Mills. LOUISVILLE, KY., July 22.—The New Albany Rail Mills and Charles W. De-pauw, of New Albany, assigned this afternoon. The rail mills' assets are

placed at \$400,000, with liabilities at \$350,-

To Prosecute the Bank Officers.

ing, three farms, his residence, etc. One of the mortgages was made to his son,

only about fourteen years old, and the

depositors propose to contest the legality of the transaction. Ablifield has property

enough to cover all the liabilities of the

BIG BLAZE IN NEW ORLEANS.

Did \$250,000 Worth of Damage,

in the rear of Keffer Brothers' slice store, which started a most disastrous confla-gration. The total loss aggregates \$250,-000, over \$200,000 of which falls on Keffer

men had a narrow escape while on the roof of the Keffer building. It was sup

posed that all had gotten down in safety but after the fire the body of J. E. Me

Donald, pipeman, of No. 2, was found in a corner of the third floor, where he had

THE IRBY-SHELL AFFAIR.

It is Said That the Senator Attacked the

Representative With a Knife.

COLUMBIA, S. C., July 22.-Special-

information concerning the encounter be

tween Senator Irby and Congressman

Shell. It is stated that about f o'clock in the morning a messenger awoke Congressman Shelt at his residence, several

to go to his house immediately, as he was in trouble, Shell did not go then apprehending some trick on account of

apprehending some trick on account of recent political developments. Later he went to Shaw's house, where he met Senator Irby. The latter asked him if he indorsed the letter of Adjutant-General Farley denouncing him (Irby). Shell replied that he indorsed the part relating

o the Craddock letter, whereupon Sena-or Irby struck him and drew a knife

and was about to make mince meat of him when Cunningham drew a pistol and told him if he advanced further he would

shoot him. It is understood that to this Captain Shell feels that he owes his life.

The Repeal of the Sherman Act. NEW YORK, July 22.—The Road Buyer to-day prints the following: "Just as we

to-day prints the following: "Just as we go to press we learn that President Cleveland has had made, by one of the most competent officers of the Government, a thorough canvass of both houses of Congress on the silver qualion. The conclusion reached by the President's canvasser can point to a long and exciting and bitter contest in both branches of Congress. The eventual repeal of the bill may be brought about, but not promptly. The extra session will, doubt-

promptly. The extra session will, doubt

less, run into the regular session without

an agreement on this disturbing question.

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Verdiet of Criminal Negligence.

Verdiet of Criminal Negligence.

ATLANTA, July 22.—The coroner's jury investigating a collision on the East Lake electric line yesterday, by which Willie Wall lost his life, rendered a verdiet to-day, holding the company criminally negligent. The line is suburban, and has a rule that when a car has walted five minutes on the switch for another which is late it is to go ahead. In this case both cars were off schedule, and the jury thought the company negligent in falling to provide some system by which cars are notified of each other's whereabouts.

Telegraphic Brevities.

was interested.

been suffocated.

NEW ORLEANS, LA., July 22.-This

assets, \$150,000.

In Regard to the Approaching Session of Congress-Silver and Tariff Reform to Be His Two Special Aims.

NEW YORK, July 22.- The World will

print the following to-morrow: The World is enabled to-day to anto maintain confidence. It is claimed that there is no further danger. nounce authoritatively the immediate poli-No Run on the German-American.

MILWAUKEE, WIS., July 22.—A report sent out from this city to the effect that the German-American Bank had succumbed to a run was without foundation. The German-American is exceptionally sound. It has experienced no run whatever. It could not be better prepared to meet a run. False reports concerning it ware due to the faller of each cy of President Cleveland and his administration in regard to the approaching special session of Congress. Briefly It will be as follows:

First. Silver reform by the absolute and

unqualified repeal of the Sherman law. Second. Tariff reform, to be presecuted in accordance with the pledges of the party as soon as, but not before, the Another Iron Works Suspends.

BELVIDERE, N. J., July 22.—Edward
Lunkens, superintendent of the Oxford
Iron and Nail Company, was instructed
to close the rolling mills and iron mines
belonging to that company, pending the
settlement of the affairs by a receiver.
The cause of the failure, as explained
by the president, is duliness of the iron
market and the financial stringency of
the country. To-night the pumps are
being removed from the mines, and the
machinery is being dismantled by order finances of the courry are again upon a stable basis.

Mr. Cleveland is annoyed and exasperated at the unexpected interference with his tariff reform plans, but he is not discouraged. He proposes to handle the question in the same open, straight-forward manner that has characterized his handling of tariff matters.

President Cleveland's advice to the coming special session of Congress will be for the repeal at once of the Sherman

Silver law.

He believes that any complication of this issue with amendments, substitutes or similar propositions will be 'etrimental similar propositions will be 'efficiental to the purposes of the repealing act, which are not so much for the purpose of working any iostant change in the financial system of the country as for the restoration of business confidence throughout the land.

From the information at his command Mr. Cleveland has no doubt that his policy will be adopted by the House of Representatives after discussion and con-

resentatives after discussion and consideration. It is in the Senate that the trouble will come.

What will follow the repeal is a matter that will not be injected into the present

fight if the administration has its way. That further financial legislation will be needed the Pesident considers probable, but what its mature shall be is a matter

for future determination.

The first thing to be done is to clear the ground. When that is done the question of construction can be considered upon

ecution of the bank people. Only a few hours previous to the assignment Ahl-field, it is alleged, gave mortgages to his sons and relatives covering all his property, consisting of the bank buildan intelligent basis, The President Begins His Message, BUZZARD'S BAY, MASS., July 22. The President, with Colonel Lamont and Dr. Bryant, spent the day down the bay fishing, and did not land at Gray Gables wharf until 6 o'clock. They had their usual good luck. The President has begun on his mersage to the special ression of Congress. Regarding the reports in the New York papers of the appointment to certain Federal offices there, it is under-stood here that the appointments will Lightning Starts a Conflagration Which not be made until after Congress assembles. Colonel Lamont could not be seen to-night in relation to this matter. Other evening at 5:30 o'clock during a rainthan Mrs. Olney and her two nieces before storm lightning struck a heap of rubbish reported there have been no callers to-

STANFORD'S SUCCESSOR. Perkins Appointed to Fill the Vacancy by Covernor Markham.

SACRAMENTO, CAL., July 22.—George C. Perkins has been appointed United States Senator by Governor Markham.

Mr. Ferkins is an ex-Governor of Call-Mr. Ferkins is an ex-governor of Cali-fornia, and has filled many State offices. He was born in Maine in 1829. He came of a seafaring race, and at twelve ran away to sea. He followed the sea till he came to California in 1839. He first worked as a miner, then as a county storekeeper, and, by his shrewdness, amassed a fortune. Then he came to San Francisco and founded the firm of Goodall, Perkins & Co., which, for twenty years, has controlled the coast passenger and freight traffic. It was his company that developed the Alaska excursions that that developed the Alaska excursions that have become so popular. Mr. Perkins has been a strong Republican. He served in the State Senate, and in 1879, soon after the passage of the new Constitution, he ran for Governor. He had strong opposition, but won. He was a candidate for the Senate when Stanford was decided the is friendly to the Sauther. elected. He is friendly to the Bouthern Pacific, and will not vote against any monopoly or corporation. Mr. Perkins is not a man of education, but he is a good speaker, and has large executive

The Law and Order Cases,

ability.

PITTSBURG, PA., July 22.—The mo-tions for new trials in the law and order eases were disposed of this afternoon by Judge Porter. A new trial was grant-ed to Charles Tschudy, the spy, who was convicted of perjury. Agent McClure, Alderman Robe and Constable Kearcher were refused a rehearing on the con-spiracy case, as was also Alderman Robe's application for a new trial on the em-bezzlement charge. Sentence was post-poned until next week, pending the ap-plication to the Supreme Court, to be made Monday.

The Russians Satisfied.

The Russians Satisfied.

WORLD'S FAIR GROUNDS, CHICA-GO, July 22.—The trouble between the Russians and Uncle Sam's servants was adjusted to-day. The offending customs inspectors will be dealt with to the satisfaction of the Russians. Collector Clark has assured them that it will not occur again, and the coverings of cotton, canvas, paper, &c., were token off of their exhibits in the manufacturers' payllion.

A Revolutionist Victory.

NEW YORK, July 22.-The Herald spe-NEW YORK, July 22—The Herall spe-cial from Valparaiso says: The Herald correspondent in Montevideo telegraphs that the committee representing the revolutionists of Rio Grande do Sul, Brazii, has received a telegram announcing the victory over Castilhistas near Yagua-ren. General Saires was killed.

RANGE OF THERMOMETER. Range of thermometer at The Times office yesterday, July 22, 1833; 9 A. M., 81; 12 M., 88; 3 P. M., 93; 6 P. M., 90; 9 P. M., 82; midnight, 82.

WEATHER FORECAST.

North Dakota. The pressure has decreased rapidly on the Southern New England and Middle Atlantic Coast and north of

WASHINGTON, D. C., July 22.—For Virginia, North Carolina and South Caro-lina: Fair, westerly winds. Weather Conditions—The barometer is low northeast of New England and in

MILWAUKEE, WIS., July 22.—Fire at the Pabst Brewing Company's plant this afternoon caused a damage of \$75,000 besides destroying the homestead of Jacob Best, the father of Mrs. Pabst, and the founder of the Pabst brewery. The damage is covered by insurance. and Middle Atlantic Coast and north of the Dakotas, and it has decreased slight-ly in the Central Valleys. It has in-creased north of the lake regions and on the North Pacific Coast. Fair weather has prevailed except on the Gulf Coast, in Northern New England and in the lower lake regions, where local showers are reported. It is warmer in the Cen-tral Valleys, South Atlantic and Middle Atlantic States, and it is cooler in New Ergiand, New York and the lake regions, Warm and generally fair weather will continue in the Central Valleys; cooler and fair weather, preceded by lecal showers, will prevail in the Middle Ab-lantic States. The damage is covered by insurance.

LOUSIVILLE, KY., July 22.—C. N.
Depauw, owner of the New Albany, Ind.,
rail mill, and son of the late W. T.
Depauw, made an assignment this afternoon. The failure is caused by the
failure of the Premier Steel Works,
of Indianapolis, in which Mr. Depauw
mas increased.